

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS

FOR THE NINTH CIRCUIT

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff - Appellee,

V.

MARILYN MANIBUSAN,

Defendant - Appellant.

No. 05-10386

D.C. No. CR-02-00012-ARM

JUDGMENT

FILED

DISTRICT COURT OF GUAM

MAY 16 2006 *pbe*

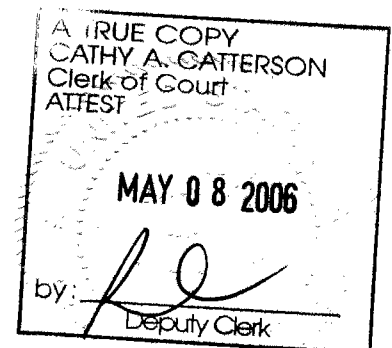
MARY L.M. MORAN
CLERK OF COURT

Appeal from the United States District Court for the District Of Guam
(Hagatna).

This cause came on to be heard on the Transcript of the Record from the
United States District Court for the District Of Guam (Hagatna) and was duly
submitted.

On consideration whereof, it is now here ordered and adjudged by this
Court, that the judgment of the said District Court in this cause be, and hereby is
AFFIRMED.

Filed and entered 04/14/06



NOT FOR PUBLICATION

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FOR THE NINTH CIRCUIT

FILED

APR 14 2006

CATHY A. CATTERSON, CLERK
U.S. COURT OF APPEALS

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff - Appellee,

v.

MARILYN MANIBUSAN,

Defendant - Appellant.

No. 05-10386

D.C. No. CR-02-00012-ARM

MEMORANDUM*

Appeal from the United States District Court
for the District of Guam
Alex R. Munson, Chief Judge, Presiding

Submitted April 7, 2006**
San Francisco, California

Before: SILER***, BERZON, and BYBEE, Circuit Judges.

Appellant Manibusan appeals her 71-month sentence for conviction on various counts of fraud while chairperson of a land-use commission in Guam. The

* This disposition is not appropriate for publication and may not be cited to or by the courts of this circuit except as provided by 9th Cir. R. 36-3.

** This panel unanimously finds this case suitable for decision without oral argument. *See* Fed. R. App. P. 34(a)(2).

*** The Honorable Eugene E. Siler, Jr., Senior United States Circuit Judge for the Sixth Circuit, sitting by designation.

factual and procedural history are known to the parties and will not be addressed further.

Manibusan argues that the district court did not adequately consider the United States Sentencing Guidelines (“guidelines”) in sentencing her to a term of incarceration in excess of that suggested by the guidelines. After reviewing the record, we find that the district court adequately considered the guidelines and that the sentence was reasonable. While the district court gave a sentence in excess of the guideline range calculated in the Presentence Report, it explained in detail the reasons for doing so and otherwise gave due consideration to the factors outlined in 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a). Accordingly, the district court’s sentence is
AFFIRMED.

